YEAR 2 KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER: What is Africa like? **PYE BANK CE PRIMARY**



KEY VOCABULARY



Village: A village is a group of houses and associated buildings, larger than a hamlet and smaller than a town, situated in a rural area.



Rural: Rural areas are areas which are not towns or cities. They are often farming or agricultural areas. These are sometimes called the "countryside".



Town: A built-up area with a name, boundaries, and local government that is larger than a village town and generally smaller than a city.

Towns are significantly larger than villages with many more facilities. They have offices, banks, restaurants, pubs and places of entertainment. They may also have factories and trading estates. Many towns started off as villages which then developed and grew rich using the produce from the nearby countryside.

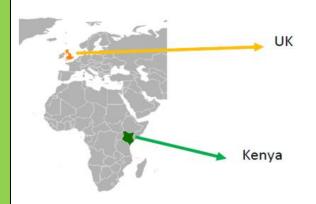


Country: A country is a nation with its own government that occupies a particular territory.



National park: An area of outstanding natural beauty in which wildlife is protected.

This map shows where Kenya is in relation to the UK where we live.



STICKY KNOWLEDGE

- 1. Africa is the second largest continent.
- 2. Africa has 54 countries.
- 3. Kenya is a country in East Africa.
- 4. Nairobi is the capital city of Kenya.
- 5. Nairobi is also the largest city in Kenya.

LOCATIONAL KNOWLEDGE

Africa

- Africa is located in both the Northern and Southern Hemisphere. It lies on the equator.
- It is surrounded by 2 oceans, the Atlantic Ocean and the Indian Ocean.

Kenva

- Kenya has an estimated population of more than 52.2 million people.
- There are 69 languages spoken in Kenva. The two official languages are Swahili and English.
- The climate in Kenya is warm but there is a significant amount of rainfall during the vear. There is a wet season and a dru season.
- One of Kenva's main industries is farming including growing tea leaves, coffee beans and sugarcane.
- The largest national park in Kenya is called the Magsai Mara. Its animals include lions. cheetahs, zebras, elephants and hippos.

HUMAN FEATURES PHYSICAL FEATURES

Human features: things that have been made or put there by humans.



house











Physical features: things that are naturally there.

Africa









Mount Kilimanjaro